

An innovative entrepreneurial electrical engineer (*iEEE*): from academia to startups

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University of Vermont (UVM)



Energy Innovation & Entrepreneurship

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Carnegie
Mellon
University

Short Bio



High school
Systems
systems
ization
l systems
rbor, Michigan)



Startup company
VC-funded energy
optimization
SaaS company for
industrial energy
plants
(Chicago, IL)



University of Vermont (UVM)
Leading a number of DOE projects
Co-founded cleantech startup
NSF CAREER Awardee
Joint appt @ PNNL
Sabbatical @ DTU
Acquisition



2008

2013

2014

2016

2017

2021

2022

2023



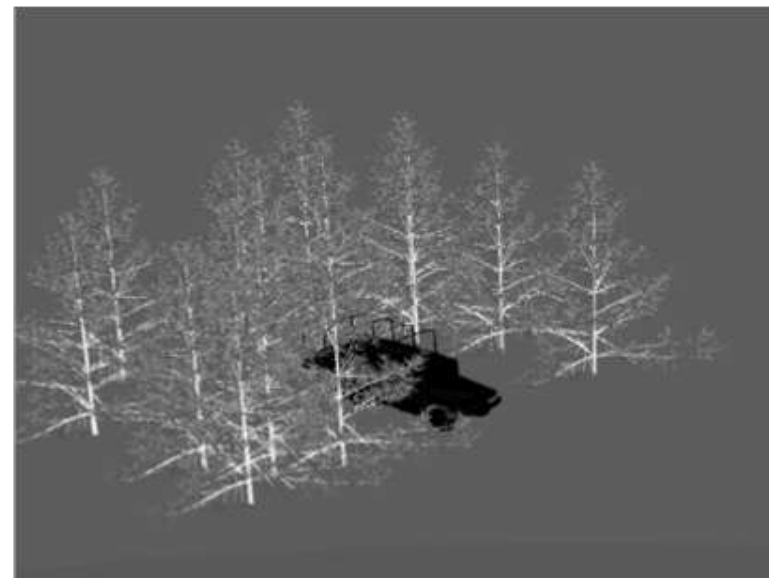
iEEE as an undergraduate

- ▶ Dual major in EE and applied mathematics
- ▶ UC = First Co-operative (Co-op) Education Program in the U.S. (1906)
 - ▶ Worked for 3 years (50% full time / 50% part-time) in small dynamic, R&D firm: *Etegent Tech.*
 - ▶ Focused on algorithm development for signal/image processing (Medical/DoD applications)
 - ▶ Picked up image processing, statistical pattern recognition/detection/classification (before it became ML)



Etegent
TECHNOLOGIES Inc

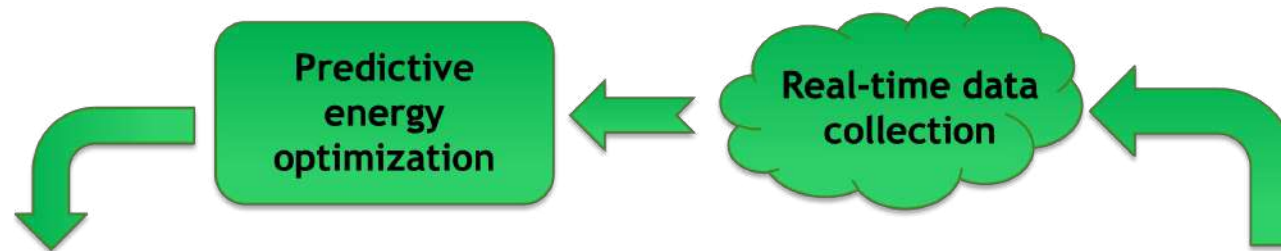
*Find that which
is hidden*



iEEE as a grad student



- ▶ PhD student in EE: Systems (control theory/pure math focus)
 - ▶ 2008-09: focused on semi-autonomous vehicle project, took courses in control theory and math.
 - ▶ 2009-13: worked on multi-energy systems, optimal EV charging, model predictive control (MPC)
- ▶ Last 18 months of PhD (2011-13): “*We need someone who can do optimization with PWL models*”
 - ▶ Deployed algorithms on UChicago energy plant (\$40M budget): audit showed \$150,000 savings in 3 months!

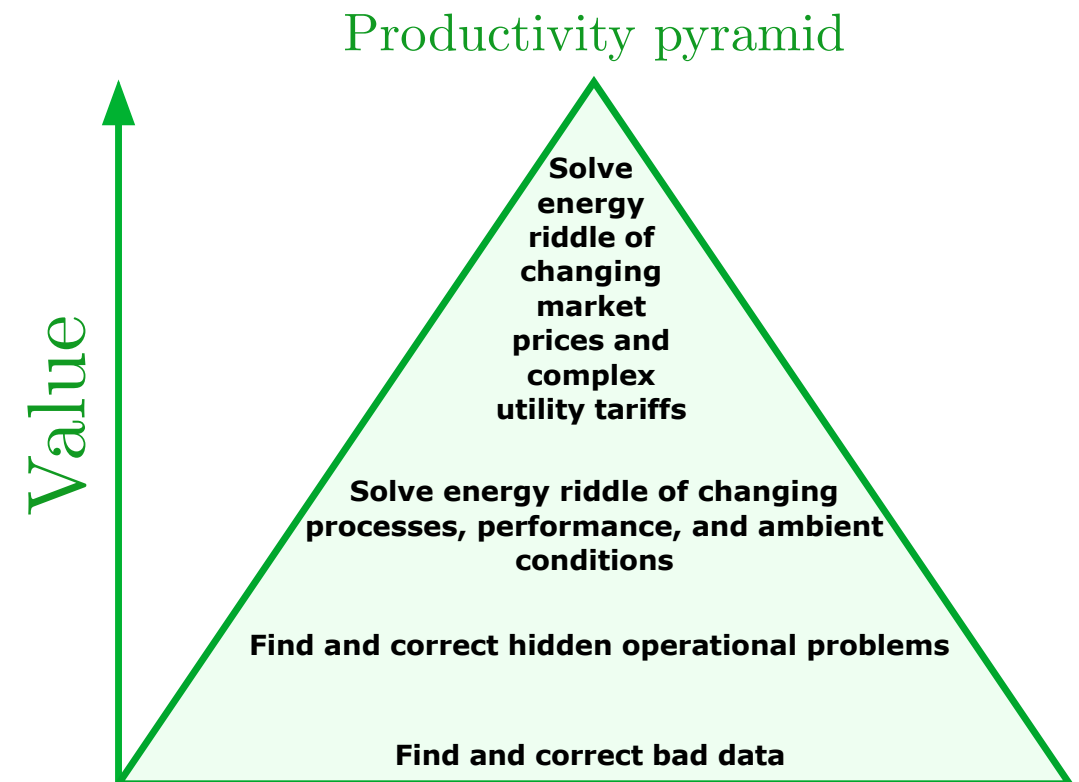
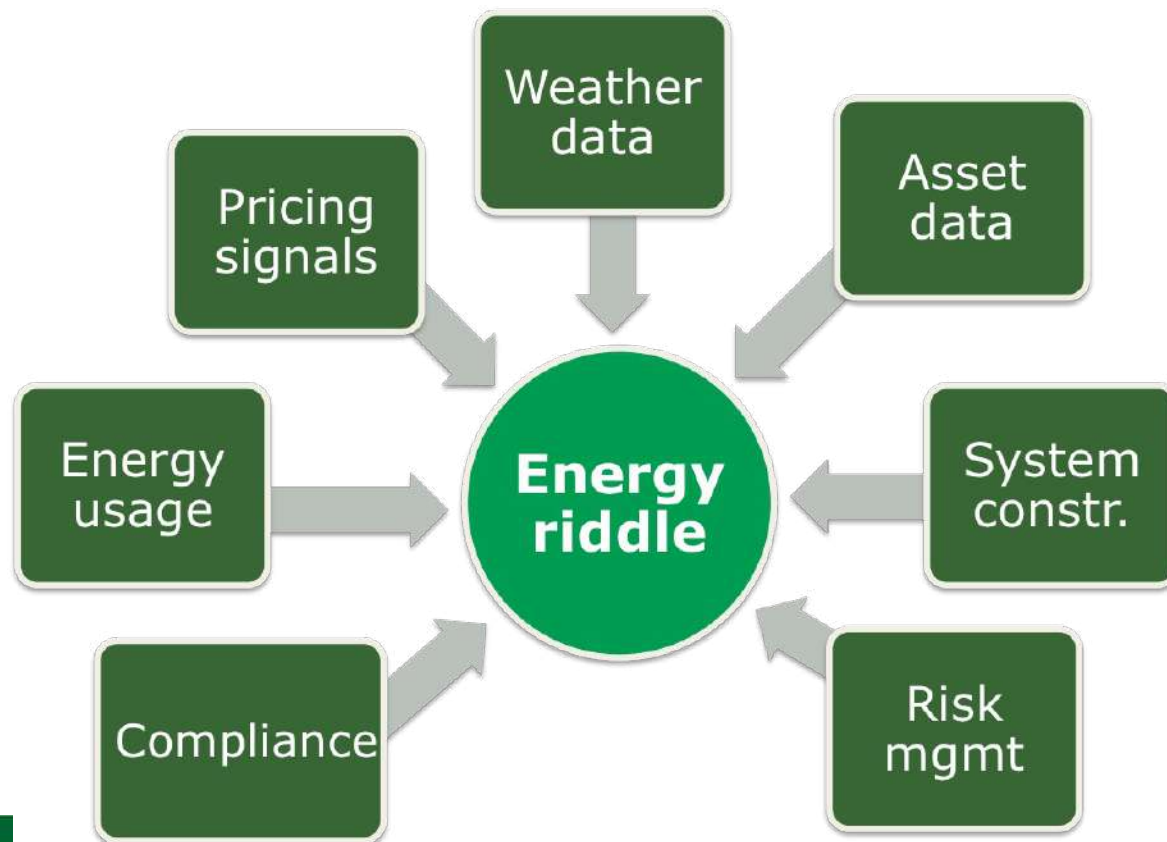


- *Multi-energy modeling*
- *Predictive optimization*
- *Adapt unit commitment*
+ *economic dispatch concepts*



iEEE as an entrepreneur

- ▶ After successful pilot, Root3 raised \$1M seed round from VCs in CA, MI, and IL
 - ▶ Joined Root3 after turning down multiple post-doc offers from great people in great places.



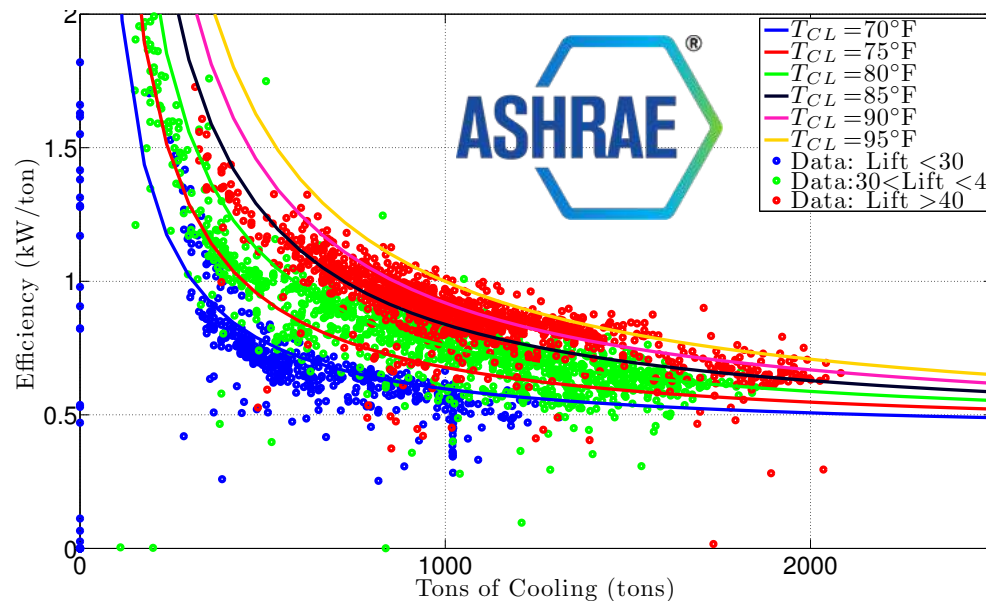
iEEE as an entrepreneur

- Focused on optimization, data science, and software UI/UX
- Economic dispatch/unit commitment for C&I energy plants → chillers, boilers, CHPs, TES.

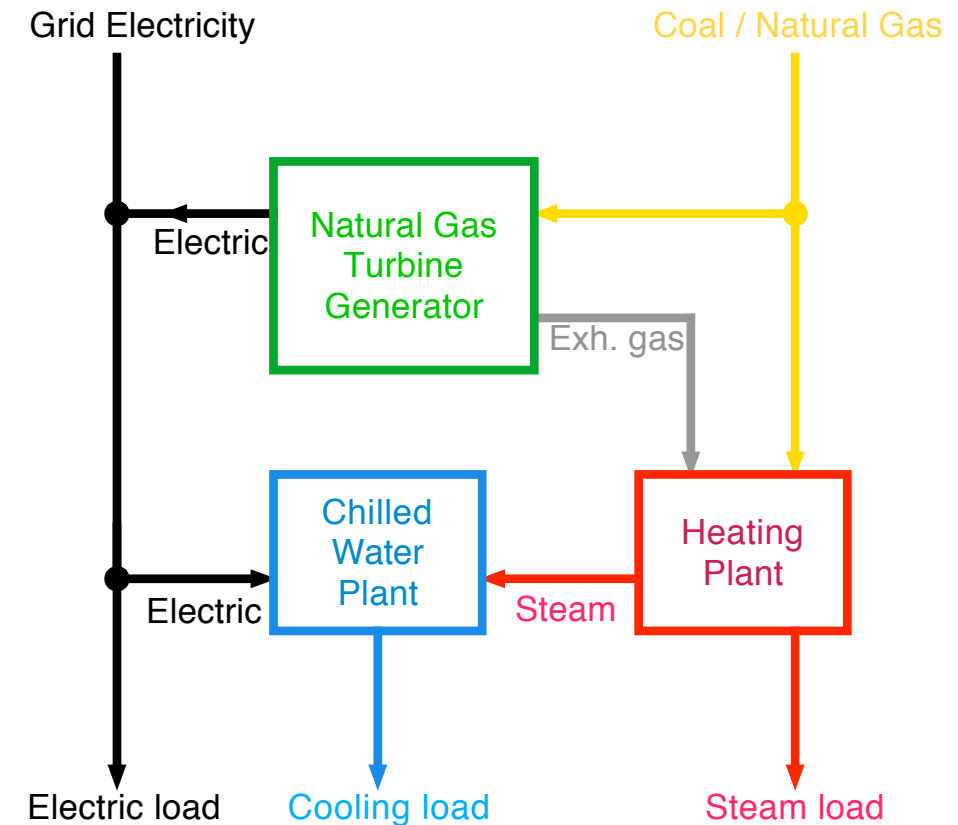


iEEE as an entrepreneur

- Focused on optimization, data analysis (data science!), and software UI/UX work



Each customer became a research project → not scalable
 We needed to stop and re-think approach → no time.



2014: Received an offer to join UVM as TT faculty



Interdisciplinary group: energy & autonomy

Objective: sustain and strengthen UVM's research impact in the area of understanding, controlling, and optimizing sustainable, resilient, and autonomous systems and networks by leveraging a group of diverse, interdisciplinary, and research-active faculty.



Mads R. Almassalkhi
(Founding Director)



Jeff Frolík



Amrit Pandey



Bindu Panikkar

Broad expertise

- Power/energy
- Grid modeling
- Optimization
- Control theory
- Network science
- IoT/Comms
- Data science
- Machine learning
- Energy equity/justice



Hamid Ossareh



James Bagrow



Luis D. Espinosa



Jeff Marshall



Sam Chevalier
(Starts Aug 2023)



Impactful R&D with industry & research partners

Recent and ongoing industry-supported projects with



Sandia
National
Laboratories



Recent and ongoing funding partners



Vermont is an exciting platform for energy

- ✓ Population: 650,000 people with a peak load of ca. 1GW
 - ▶ AMI deployed at >95% of customers in State
 - Vermont Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS): 75% by 2032
- ✓ Small state → easy to collaborate, create change, have impact
- ✓ Close partnerships with nationally-recognized innovative industry
 - ▶ VELCO, GMP, BED, VEIC, Dynapower, Vermont Gas, Beta Technologies, etc.
- ✓ Outstanding interdisciplinary collaborations at UVM with *Engineering, Complex Systems Center* and *Gund Institute for Environment*
- ✓ VT is #2 state in U.S. for Clean Energy Momentum (UofCS, 2017)
 - 5.4% of workforce is clean energy economy (#1 in 2021)
 - ▶ Next largest are at ~3%
 - 99.9% of VT *generation* is renewable (#1 in US in 2019)
 - 66% of consumed electricity is renewable (2019)
 - 15% of electricity from solar PV (#4 in US in 2020; #6 per capita)
 - 5.4% of new cars sold are EVs in 2021 (VT was #9 in 2018)
 - VT predicted to become net exporter on sunny days in 2032.



Vermont is *America's living energy laboratory*TM



First U.S.
efficiency utility
(2000)

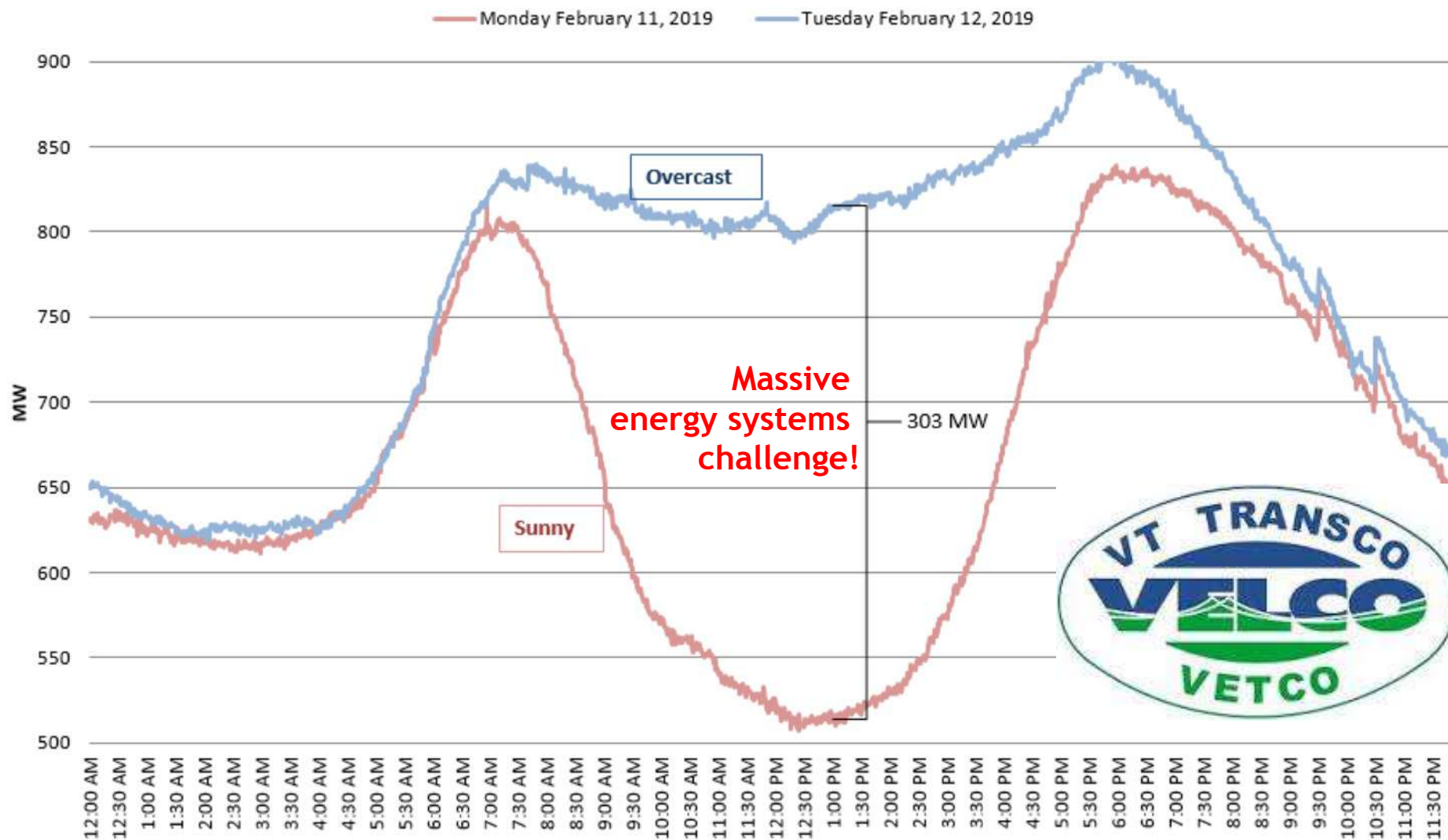


First U.S. utility to
be 100% renewable (2014)

FAST COMPANY



#1 in 2018 (Energy)
#5 in 2019 (Energy)



Going back in time... 2015

FUNDING OPPORTUNITY ANNOUNCEMENT



**ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY – ENERGY (ARPA-E)
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY**

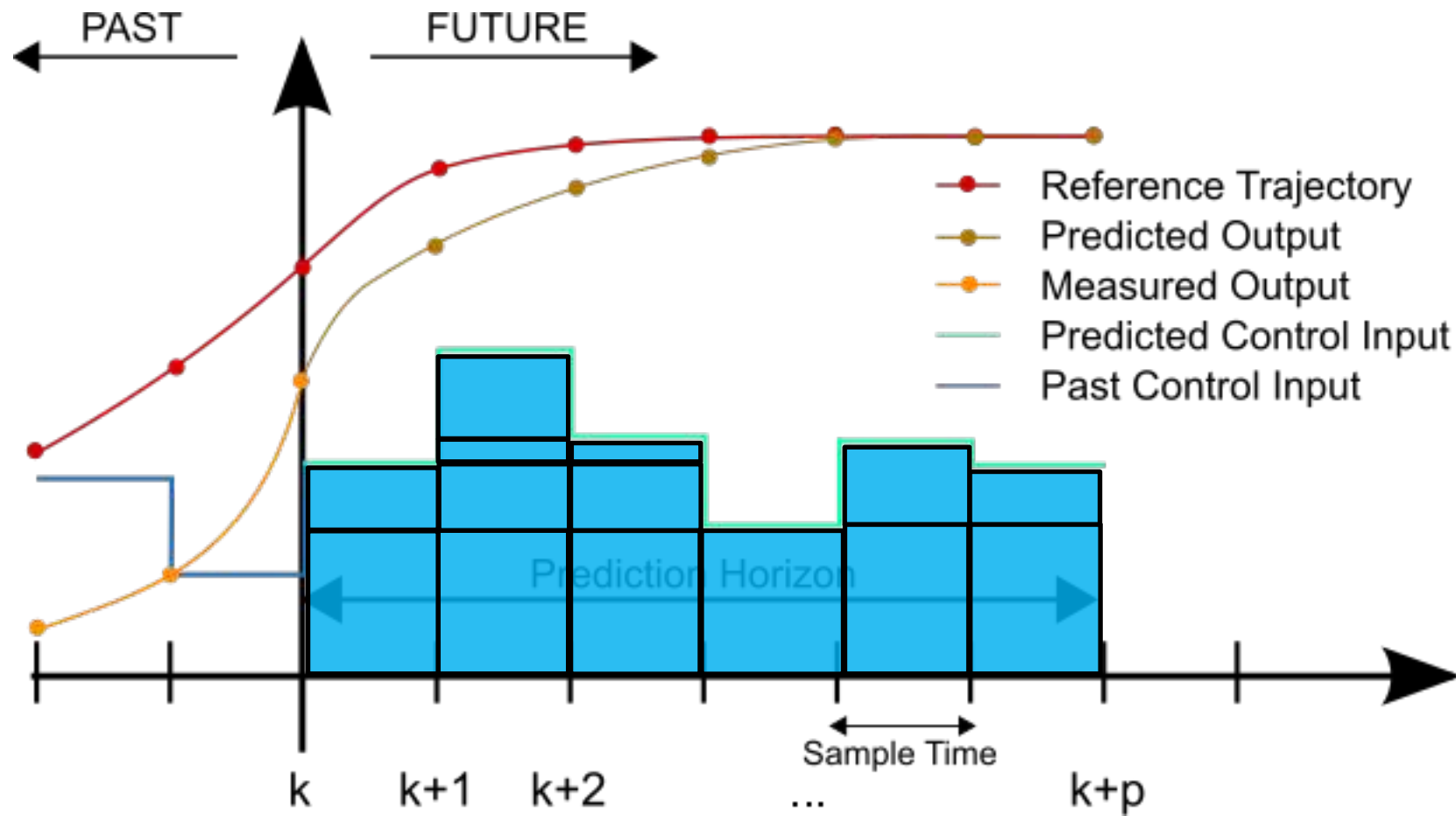
***NETWORK OPTIMIZED DISTRIBUTED ENERGY SYSTEMS
(NODES)***



Inspiration: predictive control is discrete

Finding the optimal trajectory can be easy (e.g., convex optimization)

Optimally allocating distributed assets to match trajectory in realtime is NP-hard!



Network Optimized Distributed Energy Systems (NODES)

PROJECT DESCRIPTIONS

University of Vermont – Burlington, VT

Packetized Energy Management: Coordinating Transmission and Distribution - \$1,537,904

The University of Vermont (UVM) will develop and test a new approach for demand-side management called packetized energy management (PEM) that builds on approaches used to manage data in communication networks without centralized control and requires a high level of privacy. The PEM system will allow millions of small end-use devices to cooperatively balance energy supply and demand in real time without jeopardizing the reliability of the grid or the quality of service to consumers. The project will develop the PEM method to manage large, rapid fluctuations associated with renewable power generation, while simultaneously ensuring grid reliability. To ensure UVM's PEM method, the integrated system will undergo extensive simulation testing with large-scale hardware implementation for the bulk power grid and in industry-scale, micro-grid environments.

University of California: San Diego – La Jolla, CA

Distributed Grid Control of Flexible Loads and DERs for Optimized Provision of Synthetic Regulating Reserves - \$2,338,485

The University of California, San Diego (UCSD) will develop coordination algorithms and software using intelligent control and optimization for flexible load and DERs to provide reliable frequency regulation services for the bulk power grid. The project will develop a multi-layer framework for larger-scale energy aggregators to act on behalf of their smaller-sized customers to help respond to incoming requests from regional transmission operators. The team will develop approaches that aggregators can use to quantify reserves, system objectives and constraints, customer usage patterns, and generation forecasts. Aggregators will use distributed coordination algorithms to rapidly respond to services for customers. The UCSD's technology offers operational advantages for utilities, operators and customers.

Arizona State University – Tempe, AZ

Stochastic Optimal Power Flow for Real-Demand Response - \$3,000,000

Arizona State University (ASU) will develop a framework, which would integrate uncertain response technologies into bulk power system operations. The project will develop a Stochastic Optimal Power Flow (SOPF) software tool to provide system operators with a tool to manage uncertainty in demand response.

These projects have been selected for negotiation of a power purchase agreement.

demand response. ASU's project features a solar generation and an advisory tool that generates algorithm outputs.

Stanford University – Stanford, CA

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UVM Receives \$1.5 Million Grant from Department of Energy to Help Grid Accommodate Renewables

12-16-2015

By University Communications



The Stafford Solar Hill Farm, a green mountain power facility in Rutland, Vermont. (Photo: Eric Hudiburg)

distribution."

SOLAR

GRID EDGE

ETC.

Videos

The Energy Gang

Webinars

White Papers

About

- The University of Vermont won \$1.54 million to develop and test a new approach for demand-side management, called Packetized Energy Management, based on approaches used to manage data in communication networks that lack centralized control, but also need high levels of privacy. (That's similar to the architecture being developed by Duke Energy and other partners in support of a new standard for distributed grid communications known as Open Field Message Bus, or OpenFMB, by the way.)
- The University of California, San Diego won \$2.34 million to develop coordination algorithms and software meant to allow DERs and end loads to serve frequency regulation services for plants and similar applications in a flexible energy market.
- Arizona State University will develop a framework to manage stochastic demand response flow models in a predictable manner.



TOPICS ▾ FEATURES

Packets of innovation

One interesting DER project funded as part of NODES is a \$1.54 million grant to the University of Vermont (UVM) that will test Packetized Energy Management (PEM).

The project "builds on approaches used to manage data in communication networks without centralized control," ARPA-E explained, and aims to aggregate "millions of small loads" to help manage fluctuations from the increasing number of distributed energy resources.

In Vermont, Green Mountain Power is testing its distribution grid, said M.



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Software Teaches Your Basement Water Heater To 'Store' Renewable Energy

By KATHLEEN MASTERSON • AUG 30, 2016

BURLINGTON, VT (WCAX) Water heaters may not be something people often think about, but the team at a local company wants to be on the one to revolutionize how they work.

"A conventional water heater basically heats up in big, bulky 20-minute chunks," said Mads Almassalkhi, the co-founder of Packetized Energy.

Almassalkhi says that happens even when someone isn't home or when it's not being used. And when a water heater decides it's time to heat up may not be the best time for the electric grid we all use.

"The notion of peaks happening in the afternoon is really becoming an old story and that's not really true anymore," said Almassalkhi. "Peaks are happening whenever the sun doesn't shine or the wind doesn't blow."

Green Mountain Power representatives say when people are using a lot of energy during those peak times, the electric utility must turn to generators that are more costly to operate and use the dirtiest fuels.

Almassalkhi says he wants to stop that.

His product is called the Mello. It sits right on top of a water heater and is smart enough to know when it's a bad time on the grid to ask for a big chunk of electricity.

Most large energy appliances can be packetized

Water Heaters



The Mello smart thermostat

EV Chargers



Packetized Webasto Level 2 EV charging system

HVAC Thermostats



Heat Pumps (mini splits)



Refrigeration



Grid Edge Batteries



Pool Pumps



Irrigation Pumps



PV Inverters



Advantages inherent to PEM

Set it and forget it



Smart design makes our software easy to use for both end users and utilities

Scalability



Built on ideas that run the Internet, our solutions increase in value as they scale

Consumer comfort



Device-driven solutions enable flexibility without impacting customer comfort

Privacy & security



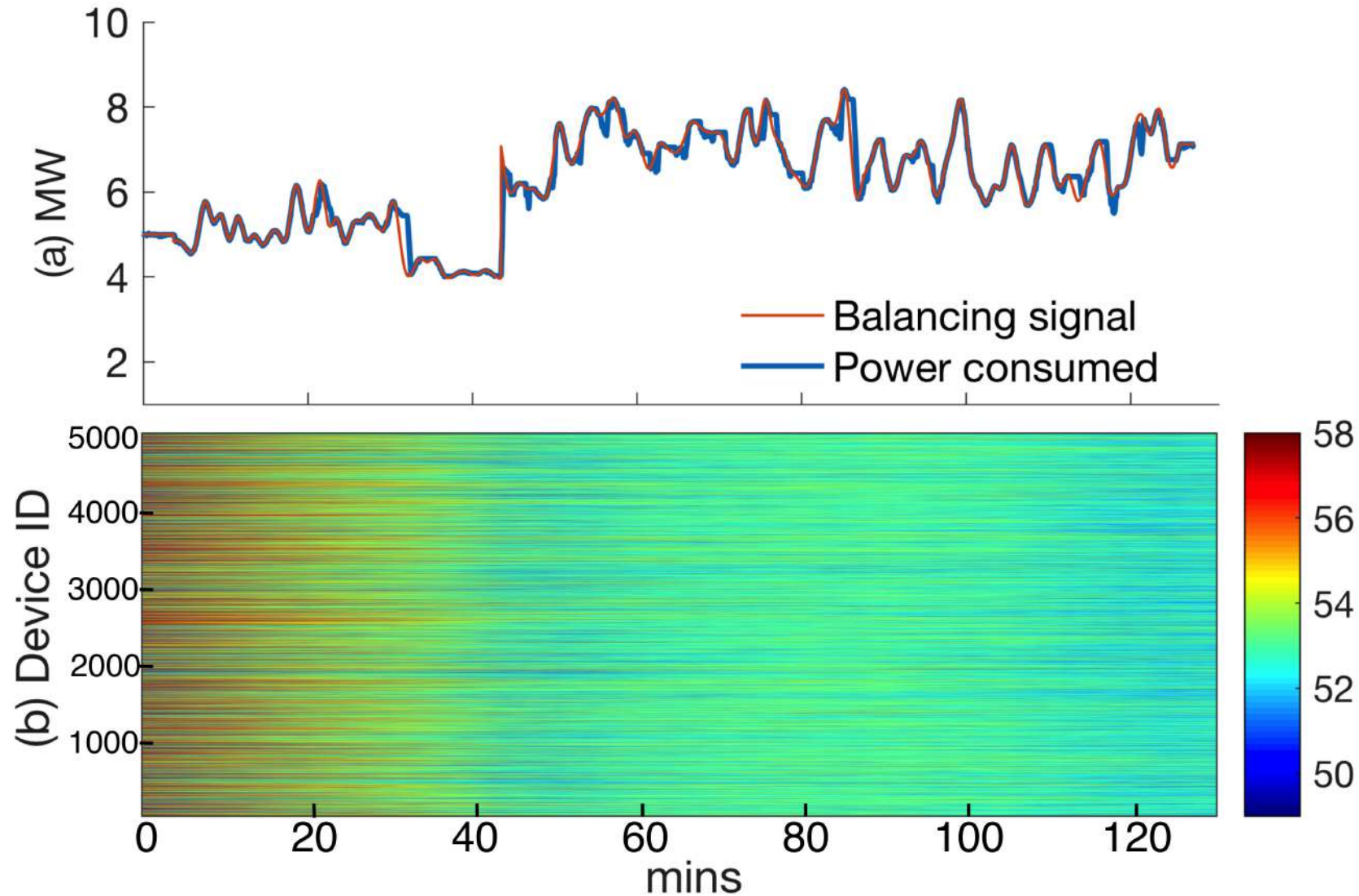
Bottom-up design minimizes data collection and reduces security threats



Initial momentum



Tracking a time-varying signal (real-time comms)

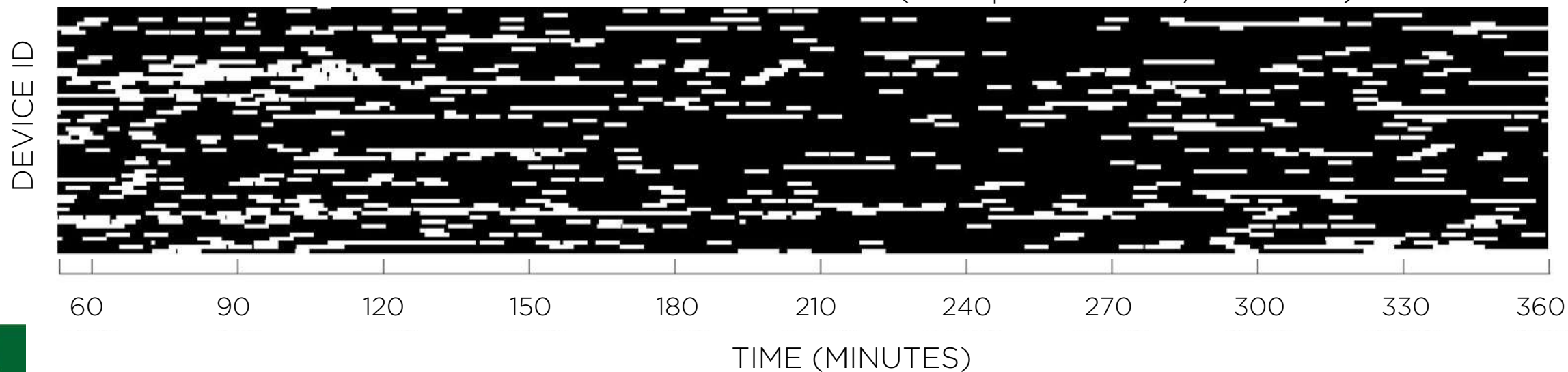


Traditional vs. Packetized

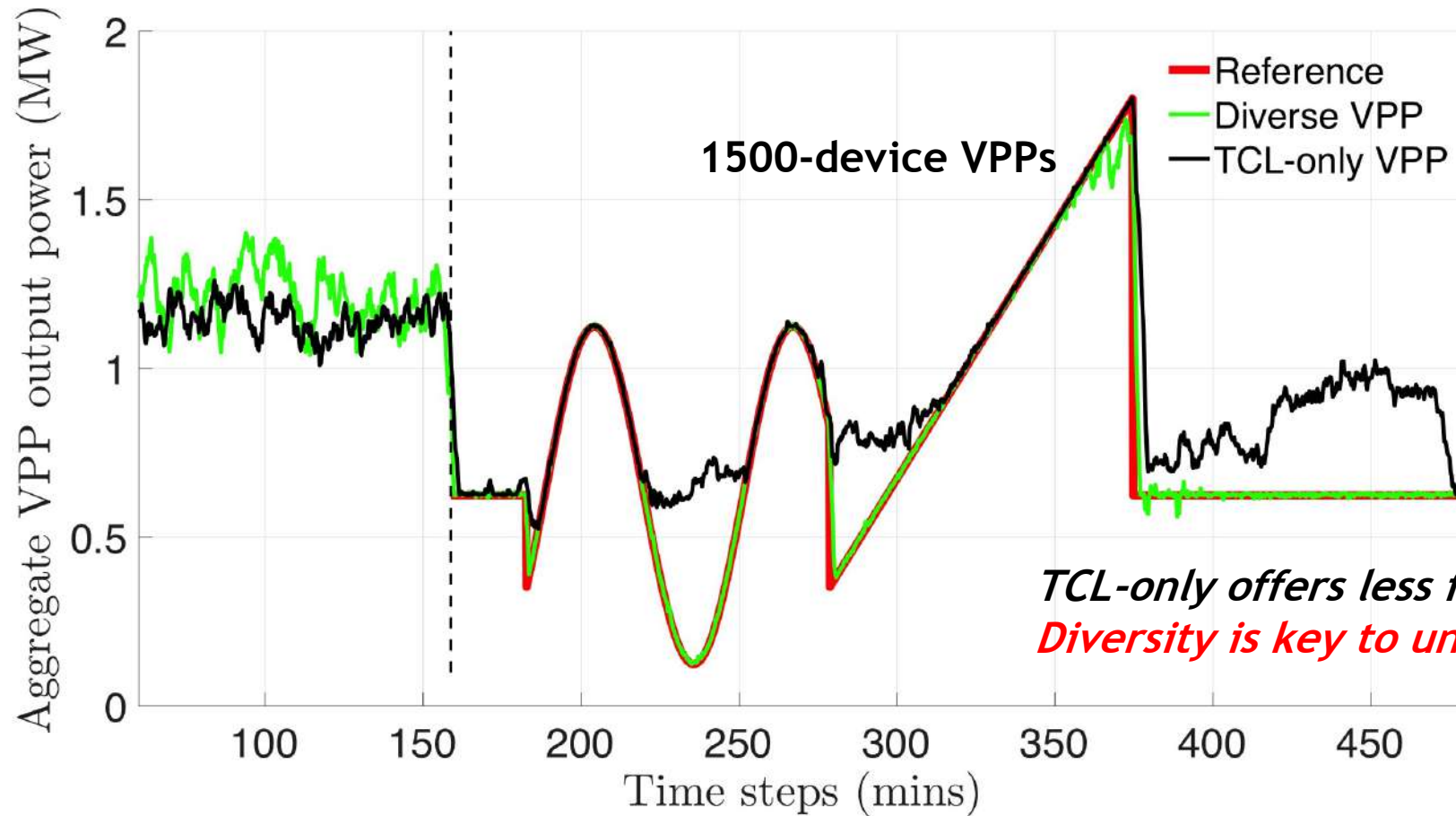
CONVENTIONAL THERMOSTAT (long on/off times)



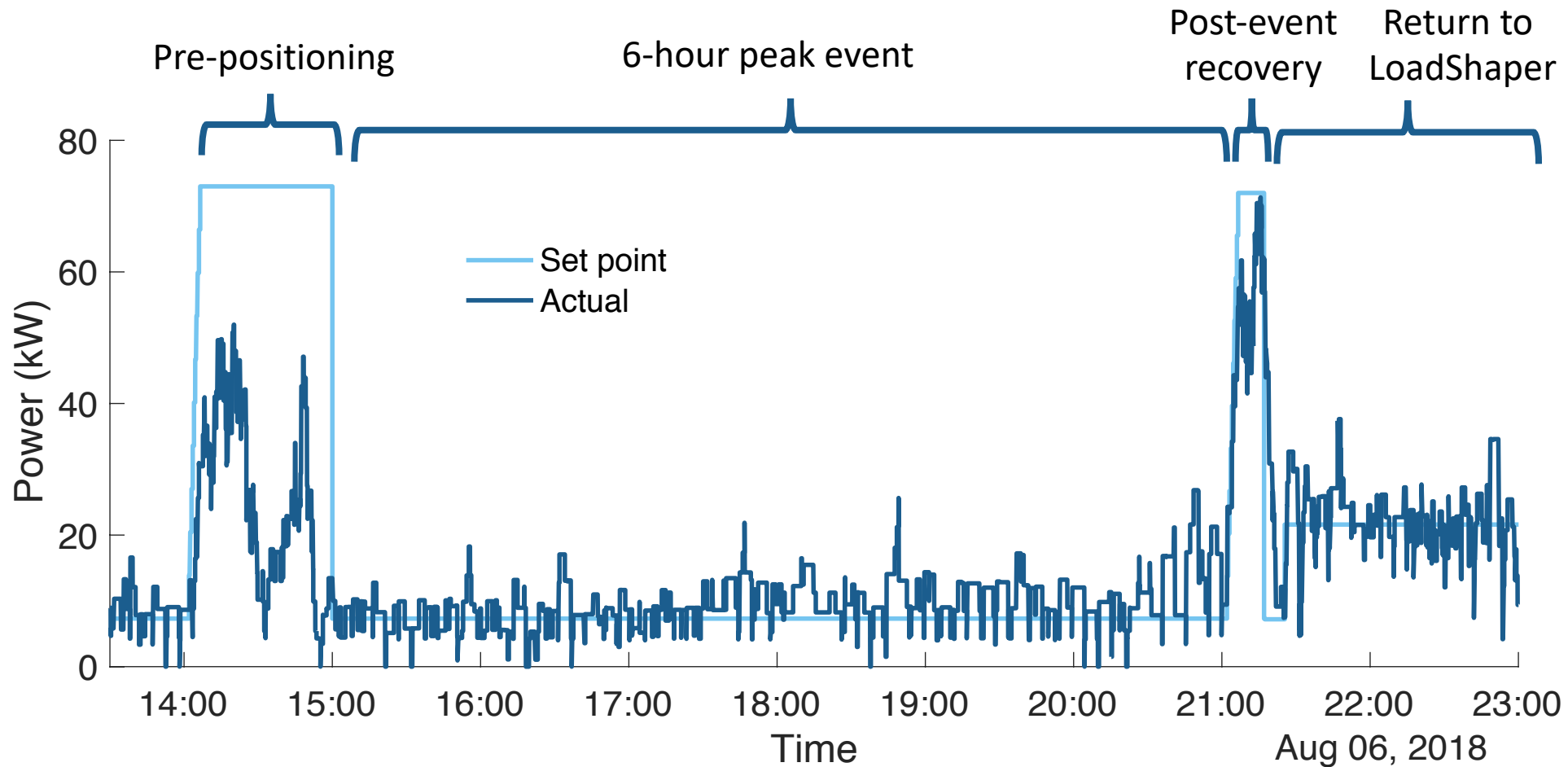
PACKETIZED THERMOSTAT (multiple short on/off times)



Comparing : diversity increases flexibility



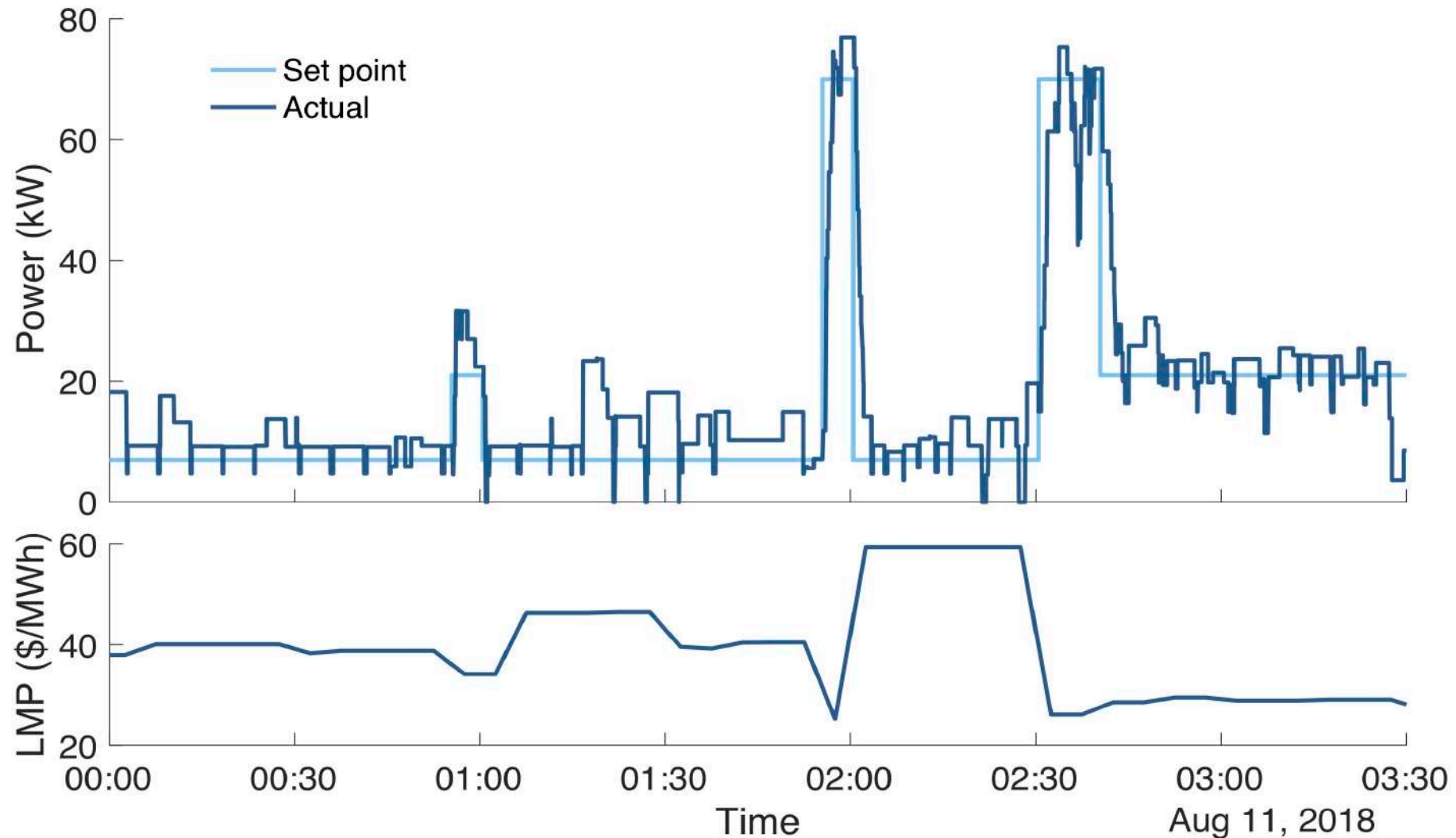
Also in the real world (crushing peaks)



ABOUT 60 WATER HEATERS, VERMONT ELETRIC CO-OP (raw kW data)



Also in the real world (arbitraging)



ABOUT 60 WATER HEATERS, VERMONT ELETRIC CO-OP (raw kW data)



*”I cannot imagine that I find this
‘smart grid’ interesting at all.”*

Mads Almassalkhi
April, 2009

